# RELEASE NOTES for Corporation Tax



Version 9.0 Build 2



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# RELEASE NOTES FOR RELATE CORPORATION TAX VERSION 9 BUILD 2

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# INTRODUCTION

As per Revenue guidelines and due to the implementation of the Finance Act 2019 and amendment in the taxonomy, we have made more than 60 changes in Relate Corporation Tax Version 9.0 Build 2 for the Tax Year 2020. The major and minor changes have been made to Relate Corporation Tax to comply with Revenue.

# MAJOR CHANGES IN TAX YEAR 2020

Major changes include several new tax fields and subsections to be filled in where applicable under

## Company Details

- o Subsection to indicate Relevant Trade within the meaning of Section 291A
- o Subsection for Stock Borrowing and Repurchase Agreements
- o Option to indicate the associate company under Associated Companies

## Trading Results

- o Option to claim amounts under Section 291A under Trade Profits at 12.5% subsection
- o Tax field for Machinery and Plant in Capital Allowance Relevant Trade

#### • Irish Investment and Other Income

o Option to choose an adjustment under anti-hybrid provisions of Part 35C

#### Research and Development Credit

 Subsection for Research and Development Credit claimed for the smaller companies under Section 766C

## Capital Gains

 Tax field for Net loss in this accounting period available for offsetting the gains under Details of Acquisition(s)

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# MINOR CHANGES IN TAX YEAR 2020

Minor changes have been made to the following areas for the Tax Year 2020:

New Tax Fields for:

# Company Details

- o Option to enter the transaction number in Mandatory Disclosure under Section 817HB
- o Option to enter the reference number for in Mandatory Disclosure for Cross Border Arrangement
- o New field to enter the Company Registration Office Number

#### Extract from Accounts

o Subsection to specify the accounting framework under which the financial statements are prepared under XBRL

## Capital Gains

- o Tax field to enter the amount of chargeable gains liable at 33%
- o Option to indicate Capital gains to which under S 627 applies

Relate Software is committed to strong customer service and satisfaction. At all times you will be able to make contact with our company and our technical service teams. Relate Software will provide the highest level of customer service. We will provide telephone support as well as online remote access support.

This document outlines the changes made in Relate Corporation Tax Manager Version 9.0.2. Please take time to read the notes. If you have any queries, please contact support on <a href="mailto:support@relate-software.com">support@relate-software.com</a> or call +353 1 4597800 (ROI).

The following program changes have been introduced to fulfil the requirements of Revenue and requests from both users and internal quality control reviews.

If you have any further changes you would like to see in Corporation Tax, please send an email to <a href="mailto:enhancements@relate-software.com">enhancements@relate-software.com</a>

#### **Important**

Please note it is very important that before running any database update you perform a database backup. Relate Software always advise that your practice takes regular backups to minimise any loss of data.

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## **COMPANY DETAILS**

# SUBSECTION TO INDICATE RELEVANT TRADE WITHIN THE MEANING OF SECTION 291A

Section 291A of TCA 1997 provides for a capital allowance against trading income for companies that incur capital expenditure on the provision of intangible assets for trade. The scheme applies to a broad range of intangible assets of the purpose of a trade.

In this subsection, you have to disclose whether your company qualify for SME exemption under section 835EA. Transfer pricing rules do not apply in computing the profits or gains or losses of a person who is an SME for the chargeable period.

An SME is defined for the section. The definition is closely based on the definition of enterprises which fall within the category of micro, small and medium- based sized. In a broader concept, this comprises the group of companies, where the group employs less than 250 employees and either has a turnover of less than 43 million euro.

To comply with the Revenue we have introduced a subsection to give the details in the relevant trade within the meaning of Section 291A of TCA 1997.

The following options have been added in **Relate Corporation Tax Manager** for the Tax Year 2020. If it's applicable for your business select the [Yes] else select [No].

- Does the company qualify for the SME exemption under section 835EA?
- Is the company required to prepare a Local File
- Is the company required to prepare a Master File

See Figure 1:

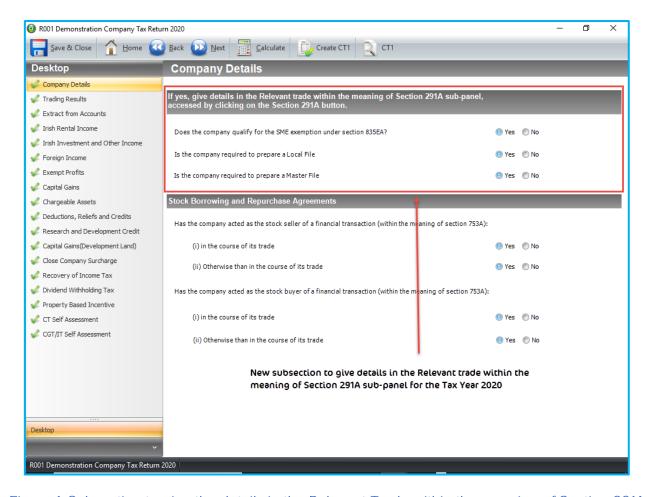


Figure 1: Subsection to give the details in the Relevant Trade within the meaning of Section 291A

# SUBSECTION FOR STOCK BORROWING AND REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS

As per the Finance Act 2019, stock borrowing and repurchase (repo) arrangement provides for the Tax treatment.

Both stock borrowing and repurchase arrangement are from a short term lending and reflected on the accounts of the participant as such. However, the form of the transaction involves the temporary transfer of legal title of stock (e.g. shares) from one party to another, with a simultaneous commitment to reserve the transaction in the future. This legislation operates to ensure the tax treatment follows the substance of such transactions where they are concluded within 12 months or less (being a short-term loan) where specified criteria are met.

Section 753A sets out the definitions for the Chapter. A number of these definitions were originally from the Stamp Duties Consolidation Act 1999 (SDCA) and have been modified to ensure they relate to qualifying securities only.

The new option is added in **Relate Corporation Tax Manager** for the Tax Year 2020. The new options are as follows:

- ➤ Has the company acted as the stock seller of a financial transaction (within the meaning of 753A):
- (i) In the course of its trade

(ii) Otherwise than in the course of its trade

If the above option is applicable for your tax return select [Yes], else select [No].

- Has the company acted as the stock buyer of a financial transaction (within the meaning of section 753A):
- (i) In the course of its trade
- (ii) Otherwise than in the course its trade

If the above option is applicable for your tax return select [Yes], else select [No].

# See Figure 2:

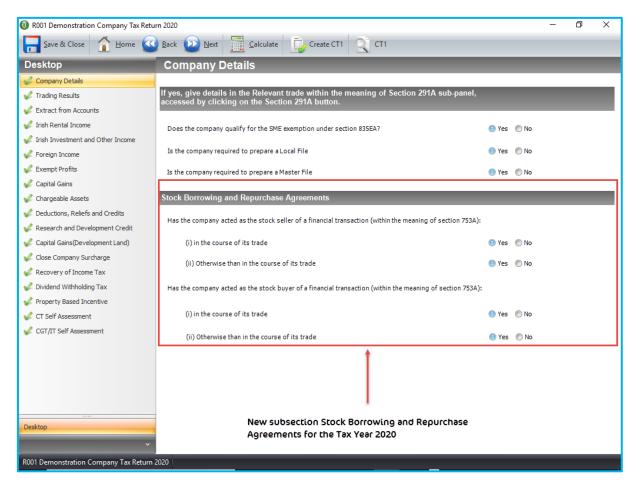


Figure 2: Subsection for Stock Borrowing and Repurchase Agreement

#### OPTION TO ENTER TRANSACTION NUMBER IN MANDATORY DISCLOSURE SECTION 817HB

As per Revenue guideline, Section817HB of TCA 1997 deals with the duties of the Revenue about mandatory disclosure. Within 90 days Revenue must determine whether the transaction is disclosable or not. If the transaction is disclosable, Revenue will assign a unique transaction number to the transaction to the person who disclosed the transaction.

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A person who obtains or willing to obtain a tax advantage from a disclosable transaction must include the transaction number on the CT1.

To comply with Revenue, we have added a new field under the Mandatory Disclosure subsection. If you have the transaction number which has been assigned by the Revenue Commissioners under Section 817HB add the number.

The new field is as follows:

# > The number assigned to a transaction by the Revenue Commissioners under section 817HB

To enter the number, you need to click on the [ADD] button. [Edit] and [Delete] option is also available for any kind of changes you want to make.

## See Figure 3:

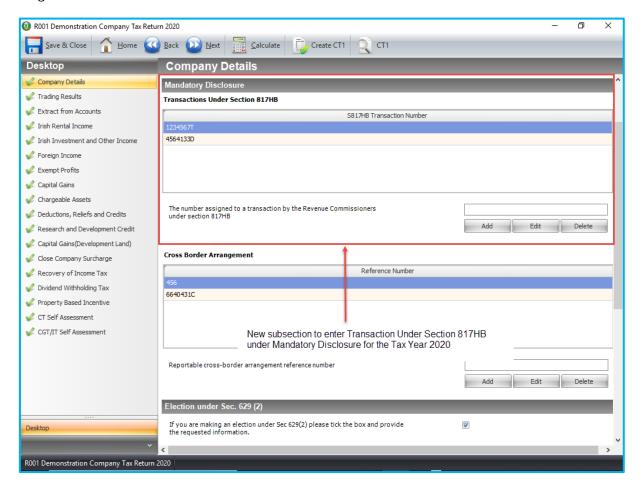


Figure 3: New subsection to enter transactions under Section 817HB

## OPTION TO ENTER THE REFERENCE NUMBER FOR CROSS BORDER ARRANGEMENT

As per the Finance Act 2019, Revenue has introduced a mandatory automatic exchange of information concerning the reportable cross-border arrangement. This is being introduced to give effect to a certain provision of Directive, which was amended by the Council Directive (EU) to introduce a mandatory disclosure regime for a certain cross-border transaction. Now, these transactions could be used for aggressive tax planning.



It sets out the information that is to be reported to the Revenue Commissioners, the time limits for reporting, in what circumstances an exemption from reporting will be available and the penalties that may apply for failure to make a return. By the requirements of the Directive, the information received from intermediaries and taxpayers will be shared with the other EU Member States.

Within the Mandatory Disclosure subsection, we have added the new option in Relate Corporation Tax Manager or the Tax Year 2020 to enter the cross-border arrangement reference number to comply with Revenue. The new field is as follows:

Reportable cross-border arrangement reference number

## See Figure 4:

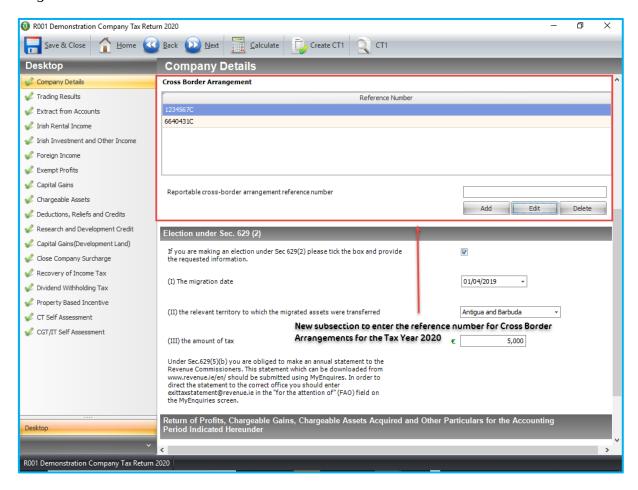


Figure 4: Option to enter the reference number for the Cross Border Agreement

## OPTION TO INDICATE THE ASSOCIATE COMPANY UNDER ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

As per the Revenue guideline, we have added an option to indicate the associate company under the Associated Companies subsection.

The new option is as follows:

Has the company associated companies?

Select the [Yes] option if you have else click on [No].

## See Figure 5:

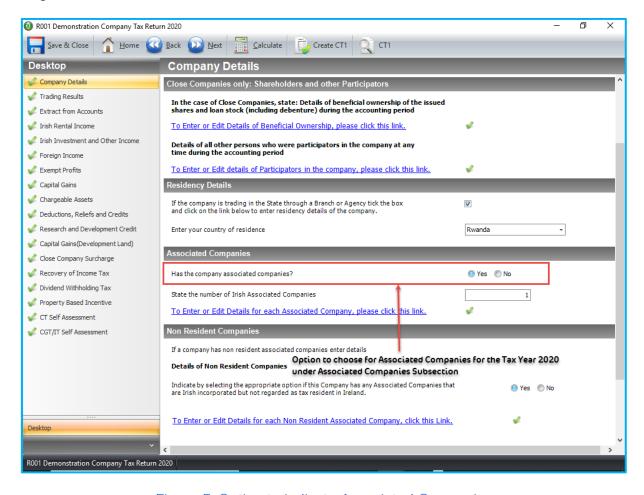


Figure 5: Option to indicate Associated Companies

# NEW FIELD TO ENTER THE COMPANY REGISTRATION OFFICE NUMBER

As per Revenue guideline, we have added a new field to enter the Company Registration Office number (CRO) in the Company Details subsection.

To comply with Revenue, we have added the following Tax Field in Relate Corporation Tax Manager for the Tax Year 2020.

Company Registration Office Number

See Figure 6:

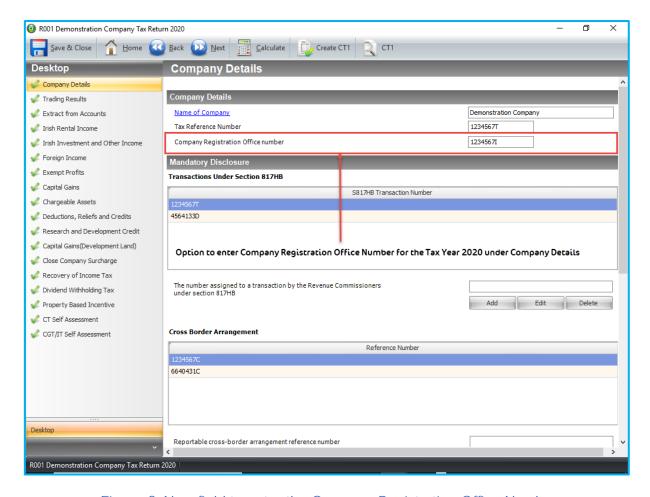


Figure 6: New field to enter the Company Registration Office Number

# TRADING RESULTS

OPTION TO CLAIM AMOUNTS UNDER SECTION 291A UNDER TRADE PROFITS AT 12.5% SUBSECTION

As per Revenue guideline, Section 291A of TCA 1997 provides for capital allowances against trading income for the companies that incur expenditure on the provision of intangible assets for the trade.

To comply with Revenue, we have added an option in Relate Corporation Tax Manager for the Tax Year 2020. The new option is as follows:

➤ Are amounts relating to a claim for relief under Section 291A included below (under the trade profits as 12.5%) [Tick Box]

See Figure 7:

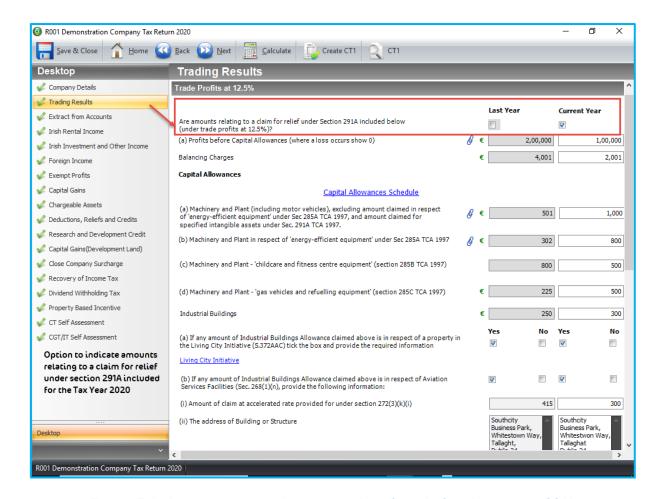


Figure 7: Indicate amounts relating to a claim for relief under section 291A

# TAX FIELD FOR MACHINERY AND PLANT IN CAPITAL ALLOWANCE - RELEVANT TRADE

As per Revenue guideline a company can claim allowances on capital expenditure it incurs on certain types of business assets and business premises. The capital allowance is generally calculated on the net cost of the business assets or premises. These are different rate available depending on the type of asset. A company can claim capital allowances on plant and machinery.

To comply with Revenue we have added the Tax Field for the Tax Year 2020.

Machinery and Plant (Other than a specified intangible asset and including motor vehicles)

See Figure 8:

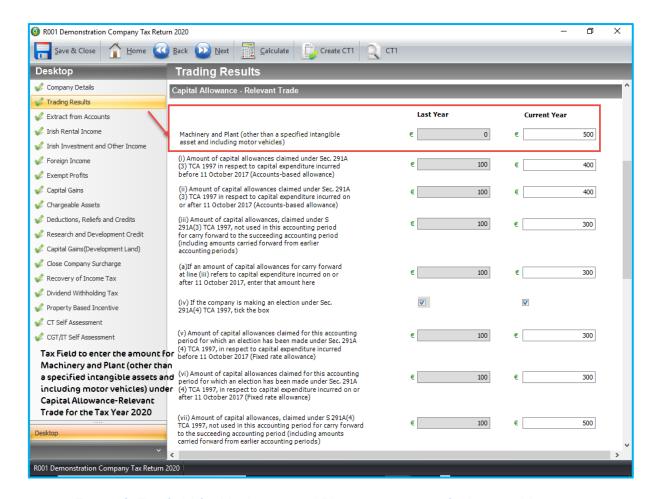


Figure 8: Tax field for Machinery and Plant -except specified intangible assets

# **EXTRACT FROM ACCOUNTS**

#### OPTION TO CHOOSE THE ACCOUNTING STANDARD UNDER XBRL

Accounting Framework refers to the framework of accounting rules set out in accounting standard which a company uses to prepare its accounts. The financial statement or accounts of Irish incorporated companies are subject to both the requirements of the applicable accounting framework and Irish Company Law.

As per Revenue guideline, under the Accounting Standard subsection, we have two new fields under the XBRL option. From the new option, you can choose the Financial Reporting Standard. The two new fields added in the subsection in Relate Corporation Tax Manager for the Tax Year 2020. The new tax fields are as follows.

If your accounting framework is [Other], you must enter the accounting framework you have chosen.

> Specify the accounting framework under which the financial statement are prepared. [From the drop-down you need to select the Financial Reporting Standard e.g. FRS102, IFRS, FRS 101, FRS 103, FRS 105, others].

➤ If 'Other' please specify the accounting framework used [If the accounting framework is not available under the dropdown and if you select other you need to specify the accounting framework you have opted]

## See Figure 9 & 10:

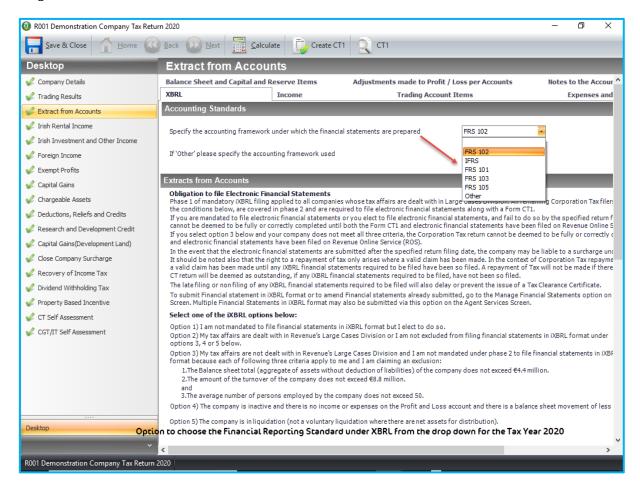


Figure 9: Specify the accounting framework from the dropdown

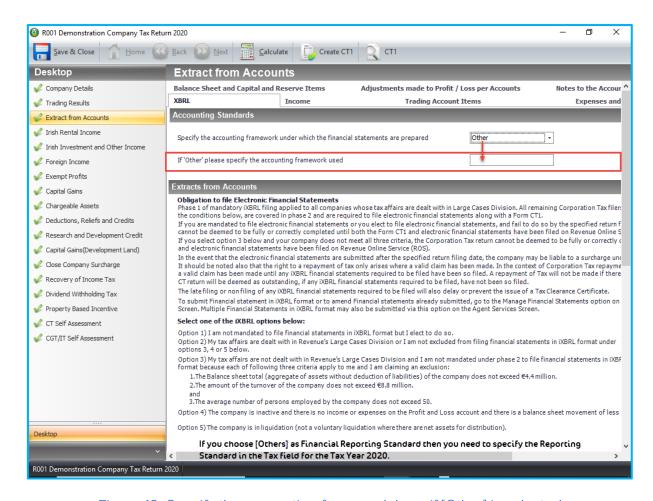


Figure 10: Specify the accounting framework here if [Other] is selected

# IRISH INVESTMENT AND OTHER INCOME

#### OPTION TO CHOOSE ADJUSTMENT UNDER ANTI-HYBRID PROVISIONS OF PART 35C

Article 9 of the EU Anti-Tax Avoidance Directive (ATAD) has been amended in the Finance Act 2019. It has been amended by ATAD2 which contains the rules to counteract hybrid mismatch. The rules are referred to as anti-hybrid rules. The purpose of the rule is to prevent arrangements that exploit the difference in the tax treatment of a financial instrument or an entity, under the tax laws of two or more jurisdictions, to generate a Tax advantage.

The Tax advantage arising from this is referred to as a hybrid mismatch outcome. In this subsection, we have added a tick box if an adjustment is required under the anti-hybrid provision for the Tax Year 2020 as follows:

Is an adjustment required under the anti-hybrid provisions of Part 35C [Tick Box]

See Figure 11:

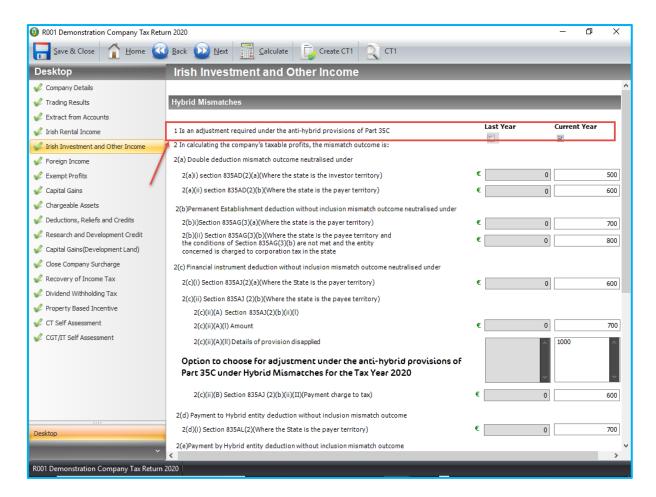


Figure 11: Option to choose for adjustment under the anti-hybrid provision of Part 35C

# TAX FIELD FOR DOUBLE TAXATION MISMATCH OUTCOME 835AD(2)(A)

As per Revenue, guideline 835AD refers to Double deduction mismatch outcome. 835AD(2)(a) refers to the following.

where the State is the investor territory, notwithstanding any other provision of the Tax Acts or the Capital Gains Tax Acts, the investor shall be denied a deduction for domestic tax for the amount of the payment which gives rise to the double deduction mismatch outcome

To comply with Revenue we have added the following Tax field for the Tax Year 2020.

2(a)(i) section 835AD(2)(a)(Where the sate is the investor territory)

See Figure 12:

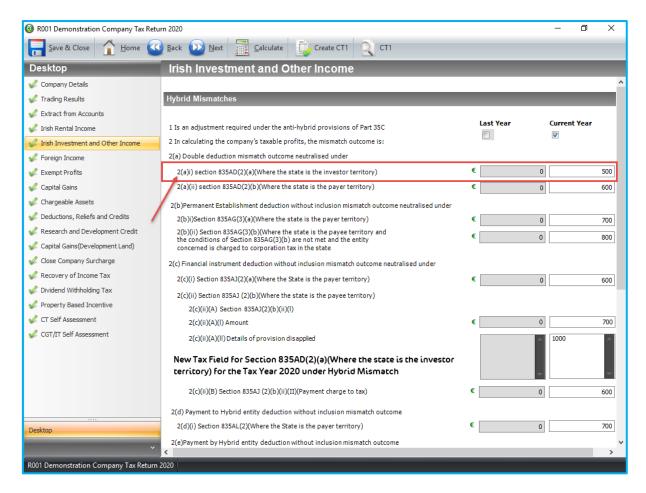


Figure 12: Tax field for double taxation mismatch outcome under Section 835AD(2)(a)

## TAX FIELD FOR DOUBLE TAXATION MISMATCH OUTCOME 835AD(2)(B)

As per Revenue Section 835AD refers to Double deduction mismatch. Section 835AD(2)(b) refers to where the State is the payer territory and a deduction has not been denied in the investor territory through the operation of a provision similar to where the State is the investor territory, through the operation of a provision similar to where the State is the investor territory, through the operation of a provision similar to where the State is the investor territory, notwithstanding any other provision of the Tax Acts or the Capital Gains Tax Act, the investor shall be denied a deduction for domestic tax for the amount paid which give rise to the double deduction mismatch outcome.

The new tax field is as follows:

2(a)(ii) section 835AD(2)(b)(where the state is the prayer territory)

See Figure 13:

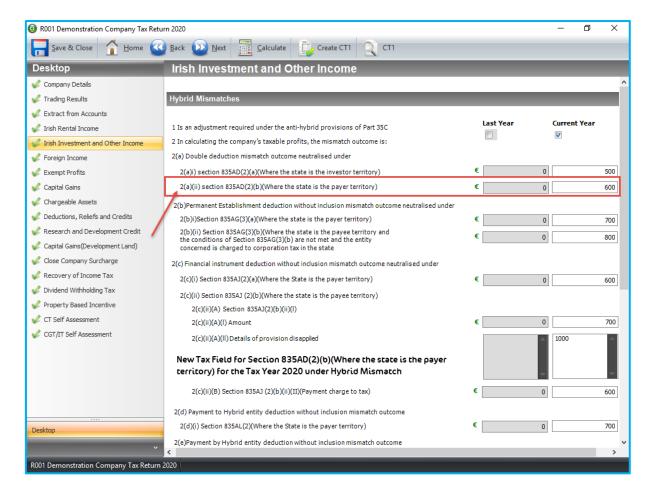


Figure 13: Tax field for double taxation mismatch outcome under Section 835AD(2)(b)

Tax field under Permanent Establishment deduction without inclusion mismatch outcome

As per Revenue, 835AG refers to Permanent establishment deduction without inclusion mismatch outcome. Section 835AG(3) refers to a permanent establishment deduction without inclusion mismatch outcome should be neutralised.

The new tax field for the Tax Year 2020 is as follows:

2(b)i)Section 835AG(3)(a)(Where the State is the payer territory

See figure 14:

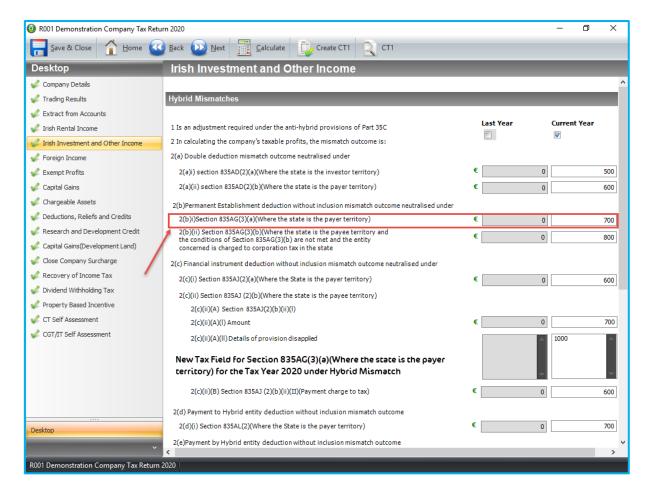


Figure 14: Tax field for Section 835AG(3)(a)-Where the State is the payer territory

Tax field under Permanent Establishment deduction Under Section 835AG(3)(b)

As per Revenue guidelines and Finance Act 2019, Section 835AG of TCA 1997 refers to the permanent establishment deduction without inclusion mismatch outcome and provides the rules to neutralised such an outcome. The defensive rules state that where the mismatch outcome arises where payment is made to a disregarded permanent establishment where the disregarded permanent establishment is as defined in Article 5 of the Model Tax Convention on Income and Capital, published by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development.

To comply with the Act and Revenue we have added a new tax field under the Hybrid Mismatch subsection for the Tax Year 2020.

The new tax field is as follows:

> 2(b)(ii) Section 835AG(3)(b)(Where the state is the payee territory and the conditions of Section 835AG(3)(b)are not met and the entity concerned is charged to corporation tax in the state

See Figure 15:

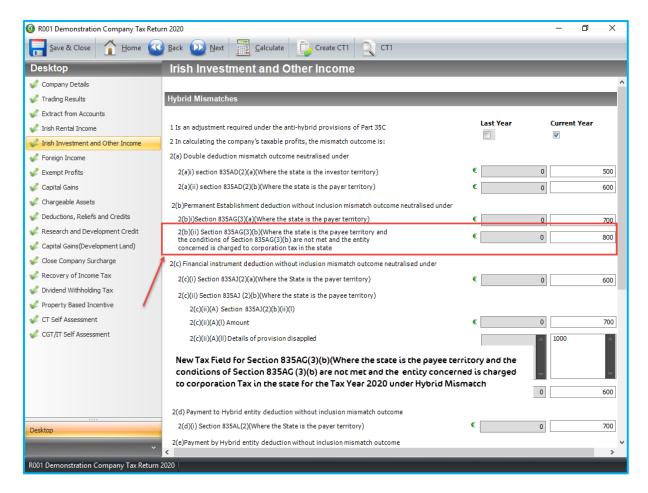


Figure 15: New Tax field under Section 835AG(3)(b)

## TAX FIELD UNDER SECTION 835AJ(2)(A)

As per Finance Act, 2019 and Revenue guidelines Section 835AJ refers to a financial instrument deduction without inclusion mismatch outcome provides the rules to neutralise such an outcome. The primary rule states that, where the State is the payer territory, the payer shall be denied a tax deduction for the payment to the extent of the corresponding amount has not been included for the foreign tax.

To comply with the Revenue, we have added the following tax field for the Tax Year 2020.

2(c)(i) Section 835AJ(2)(a)(Where the State is the payer territory)

See Figure 16:

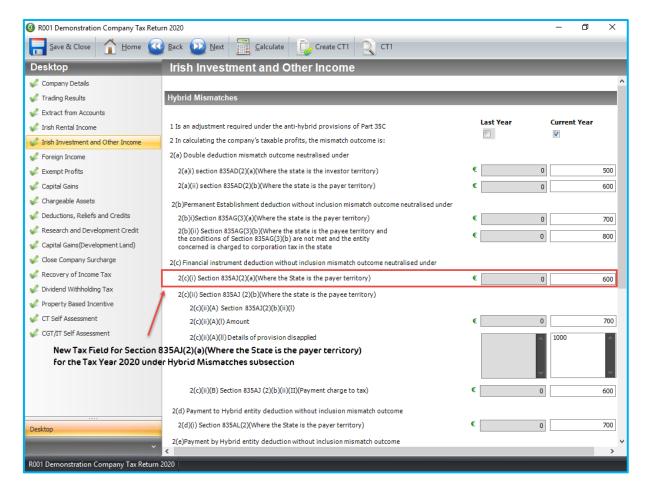


Figure 16: Tax Field for Section 835AJ(2)(a)- Where the State is the payer territory

## TAX FIELD TO ENTER THE AMOUNT UNDER FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT DEDUCTION

As per the Revenue guideline, the mismatch outcome has not been neutralised in the payer territory then the payee shall be charged to taxed, in respect of the amount deducted by the payer and this amount shall be taxed in the period which commences within 12 months end of the payer's tax period in which the deduction occurred.

To comply with the Finance Act 2019 and the Revenue we have added a tax field to enter the amount for the Tax Year 2020. The tax field is as follows:

> 2(c)(ii)(A)(l) Amount

See figure 17:

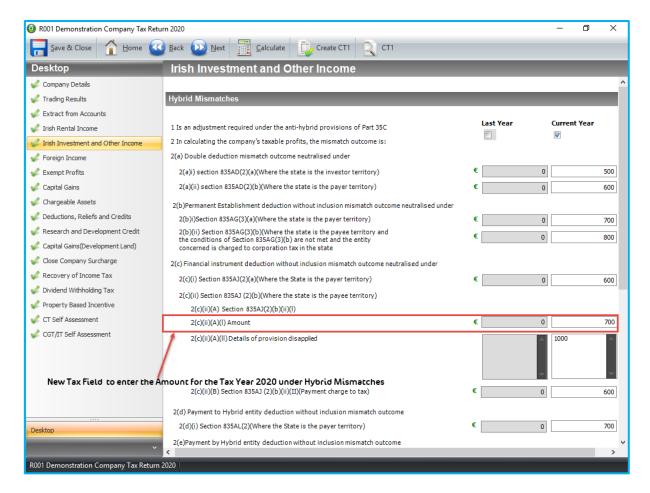


Figure 17: Tax Field to enter the amount 2(c)(ii)(A)(I)

## TAX FIELD TO ENTER THE DETAILS OF PROVISION DISAPPLIED UNDER SECTION 835AJ(2)(B)

As per Revenue guideline, there are two rules for neutralising the financial instrument deduction without inclusion mismatch outcome. The rules are categorised into (a) the primary rule and (b) the defensive rule. The defensive rule where the mismatch outcome has not been neutralised in the payer territory then the income is not included because of any provision of the Tax Acts or the Capital Gain Tax Acts, then the specific part of the provision shall be disapplied in calculating the payee's taxable income.

To comply with Revenue and the Finance Act 2019 we have included the following tax field for the Tax Year 2020.

The new tax field is as follows:

2(c)(ii)(A)(II) Details of provision disapplied

See Figure 18:

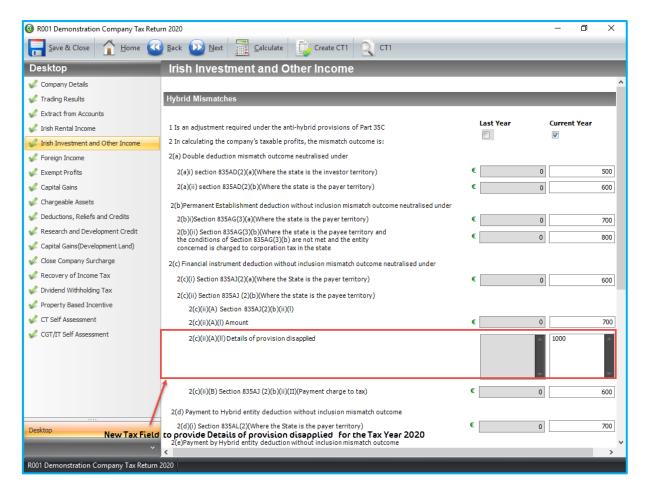


Figure 18: Tax field for Details of provision disapplied

# TAX FIELD FOR PAYMENT CHARGE TO TAX UNDER SECTION 835AJ (2)(B)(II)

Under the defensive rule of Section 835AJ (2)(B)(ii) the mismatch outcome has not been neutralised in the payer territory, then in any other case, the payee shall be charged to tax under Case IV of Schedule D, in respect of the amount deducted by the payer, and this amount shall be taxed.

To comply with the Revenue we have added a new tax field to enter the amount as paying tax to charge under the Hybrid Mismatches subsection for the Tax Year 2020. The new tax field is as follows:

2(c)(ii)(B) Section 835AJ (2)(b)(ii)(II)(Payment charge to tax).

See Figure 19.

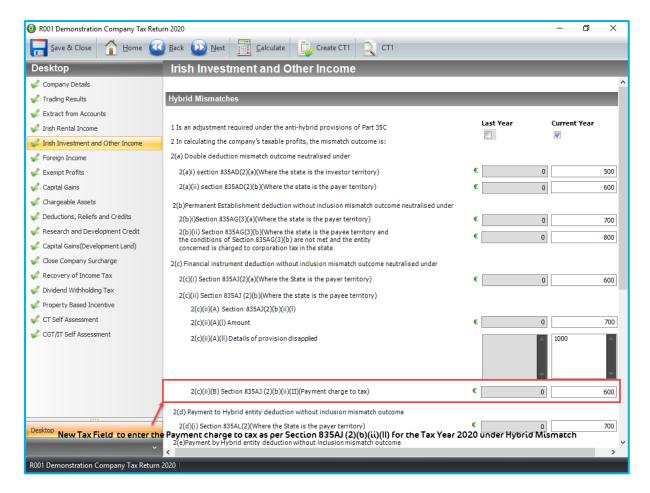


Figure 19: Tax field for Payment charge to tax under Section Section 835AJ (2)(b)(ii)(II)

## TAX FIELD UNDER SECTION 835AL(2) FOR PAYMENT TO HYBRID ENTITY DEDUCTION

As per Revenue guideline Section 835AL(2) (Payment to hybrid entity deduction without inclusion mismatch outcome) applies to a company which is within the charge to corporation tax. To comply with the Finance Act 2019 and Revenue, we have added the following tax fields under Hybrid Mismatches subsection for the Tax year 2020.

- > 2(d) Payment to Hybrid entity deduction without inclusion mismatch outcome
- 2(d)(i) Section 835AL(2)(Where the State is the payer territory)

See Figure 20:

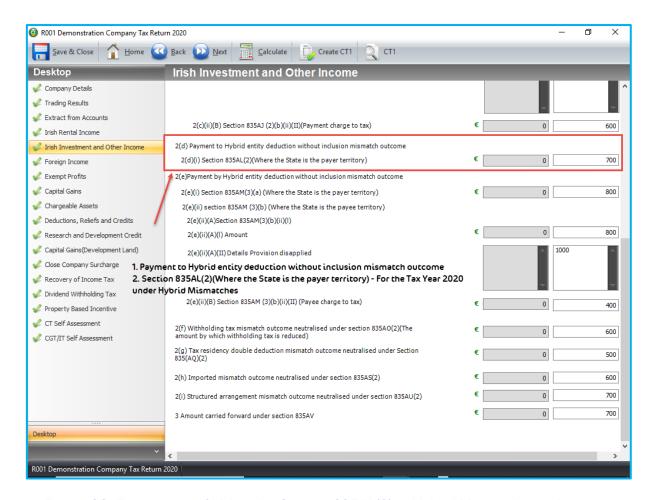


Figure 20: Two new tax field under Section 835AL(2) in Hybrid Mismatches subsection

# TAX FIELDS UNDER SECTION 835AM(3) UNDER THE HYBRID MISMATCHES

As per Revenue guideline and the Finance Act 2019 Section 835AM(3) refers to a payment by hybrid entity deduction without inclusion mismatch outcome. This applies to a company which is within the charge to foreign tax or corporation tax.

To comply with Revenue we have added two tax fields in Relate Corporation Tax Manager for the Tax year 2020. The new tax fields are as follows:

- > 2(e)Payment by Hybrid entity deduction without inclusion mismatch outcome
- > 2(e)(i) Section 835AM(3)(a) (Where the State is the payer territory)

See Figure 21:

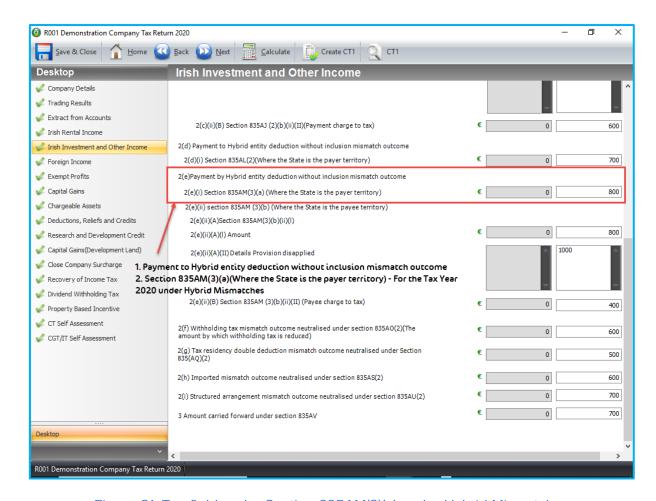


Figure 21: Tax field under Section 835AM(3)(a) under Hybrid Mismatches

# TAX FIELDS UNDER SECTION 835AM(3)(B) UNDER THE HYBRID MISMATCHES

Section 835AM(3) refers to the rules of neutralising the payment by a hybrid entity deduction without inclusion mismatches outcome. The 835AM(3)(B) outlines the defensive rule as per the guideline of the Revenue where the Sate is the payee territory and the mismatch outcome has not been neutralised in the payer territory.

To comply with Revenue following the Finance Act 2019, we have added the 3 tax fields in Relate Corporation Tax manager for the Tax year 2020. The new tax fields are as follows:

- 2(e)(ii)section 835AM (3)(b)(Where the State is the payee territory)
- 2(e)(ii)(A)Section 835AM (3)(b)(ii)(l)
- > 2(e)(ii)(A)(l) Amount

See Figure 22:

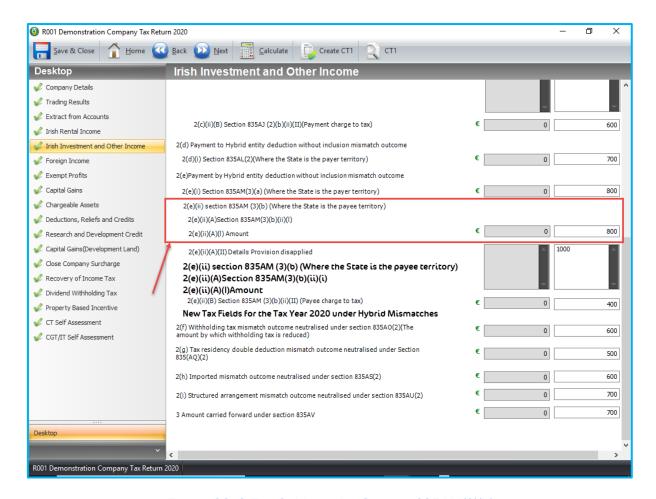


Figure 22: 3 Tax fields under Section 835AM(3)(b)

# TAX FIELD FOR DETAILS OF PROVISION DISAPPLIED UNDER SECTION 835AM(3)(B)

We have added a tax field to enter the details of provision disapplied under section 835AM(3)(b) in Relate Corporation Tax Manager for the Tax Year 2020.

The new Tax Field is as follows:

2(e)(ii)(A)(II)Details of Provision disapplied

See Figure 23:

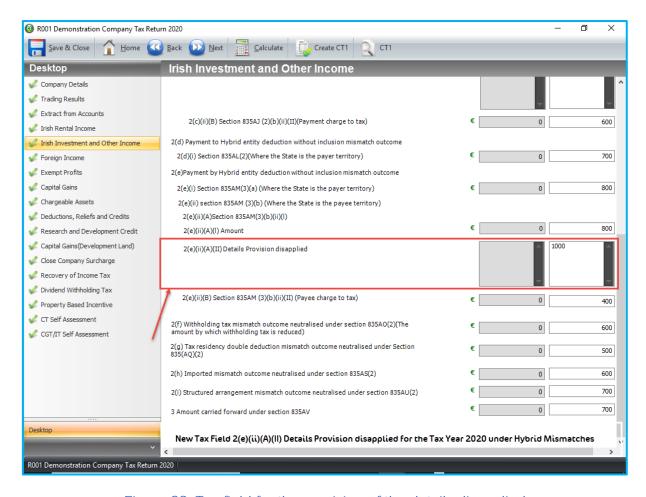


Figure 23: Tax field for the provision of the details disapplied

# TAX FIELD UNDER SECTION 835AM (3)(B)(II) IN HYBRID MISMATCHES

As per Revenue guideline and Finance Act 2019, Section 835AM (3)(b)(ii) refers to the defensive rule where the payee shall be charged to taxed under Case IV of Schedule D, in respect of the amount deducted by the payer, and this amount shall be taxed in the period which commences within 12 months of the end of the payer's tax period in which the deduction occurred.

To comply with Revenue, we have added a tax field in Relate Corporation Tax Manager for the Tax Year 2020.

The new tax field is as follows:

2(e)(ii)(B) Section 835AM (3)(b)(ii)(II) (Payee charge to tax)

See Figure 24:

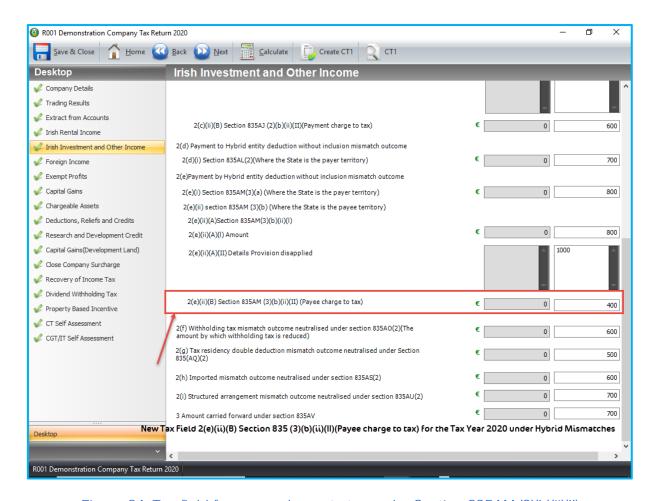


Figure 24: Tax field for payee charge to tax under Section 835AM (3)(b)(ii)(II)

# TAX FIELD UNDER SECTION 835(AO)(2)- AMOUNT BY WHICH WITHHOLDING TAX REDUCED

As per the Revenue guideline, Section 835AO refers to the withholding tax mismatch. Section 835(AO)(2) refers to the rule for neutralising a withholding tax mismatch outcome shall, notwithstanding anything in the Schedule 24 to the contrary, be neutralized by reducing the withholding tax relief available in two scenarios where the taxable profit from the hybrid transfer arising to the entity or the gross income of the entity is under the hybrid transfer.

To comply with Revenue we have added a tax field in Relate Corporation Tax manager for the Tax Year 2020.

The new tax field is as follows:

> 2(f) Withholding tax mismatch outcome neutralized under section 835AO (2) (The amount by which withholding tax is reduced.

See Figure 25:

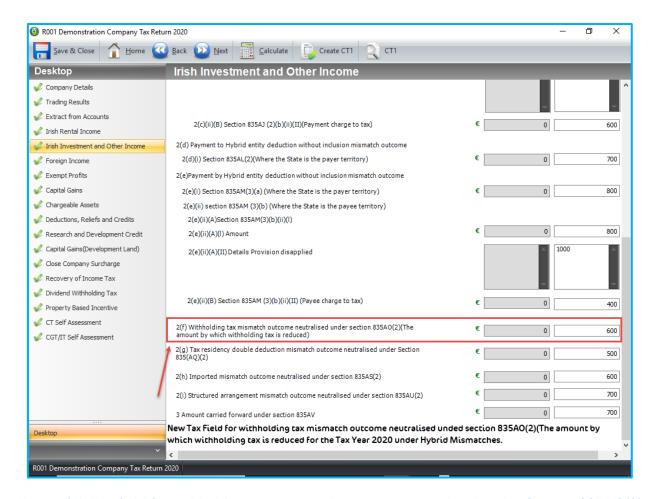


Figure 25: Tax field for withholding tax mismatch outcome neutralised under Section 835AO(2)

TAX FIELD FOR DOUBLE DEDUCTION MISMATCH OUTCOME NEUTRALISED UNDER SECTION 835(AQ)(2)

As per the Revenue guideline, Section 835AQ(2) refers to the rule of neutralising a tax residency double deduction mismatch outcome where the other territory is a member of State, with which the government has a Double Tax Agreement or is not a Member State and under DTA or else not a territory referred in the prior condition described.

To comply with Revenue we have added a tax field in Relate Corporation Tax for the Tax Year 2020. The new Tax field is as follows:

2(f)Withholding tax mismatch outcome neutralised under section 835AO(2)(The amount by which withholding tax is reduced)

See Figure 26:

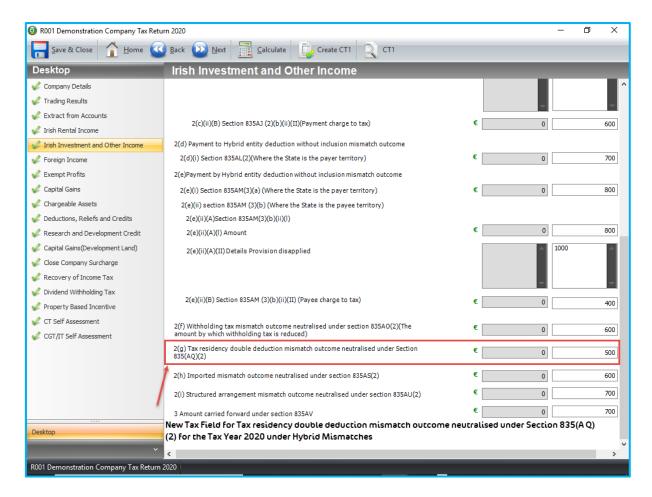


Figure 26: Tax field for tax residency double deduction mismatch outcome neutralised under \$835(AQ)(2)

# TAX FIELD FOR IMPORTED MISMATCH OUTCOME NEUTRALISED UNDER SECTION 835AS(2)

As per the Revenue guideline Section 835AS(2) refers to the rule of neutralising an imported mismatch outcome. An imported mismatch outcome shall be neutralised by the company denied a tax deduction for so much of the payment as correspond to the mismatch outcome which has not been neutralised in another territory.

To comply with the Revenue and Finance Act 2019, we have added a tax field in Relate Corporation Tax Manager for the Tax Year 2020. The tax field is as follows:

2(h) Imported mismatch outcome neutralised under section 835AS(2)

See Figure 27:

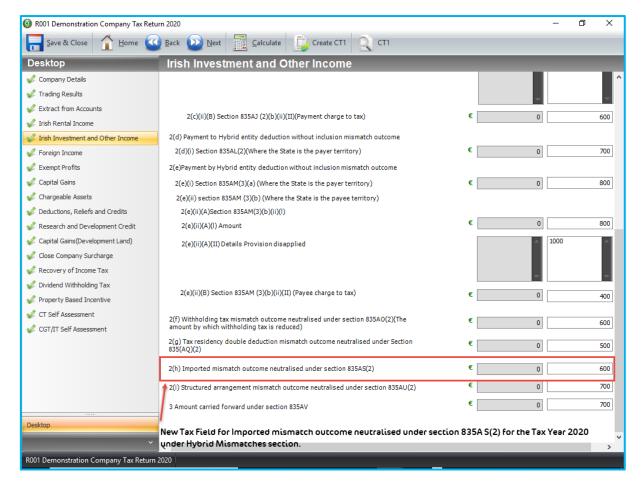


Figure 27: Tax field for Imported mismatch outcome neutralised under section 835AS(2)

TAX FIELD FOR STRUCTURED ARRANGEMENT MISMATCH OUTCOME NEUTRALISED UNDER SECTION 853AU(2)

As per Revenue guideline Section 835AU(2) refers to the rule of neutralising a structured arrangement mismatch outcome. This shall be neutralised by the taxpayer being denied a deduction for so much of the payment as corresponds to the mismatch outcome which has not been neutralised in another territory.

To comply with the Revenue and the Finance Act 2019, we have added a tax field in Relate Corporation Tax Manager 2020. The new tax field is as follows.

> 2(i) Structured arrangement mismatch outcome neutralised under section 835AU(2)

See Figure 28:

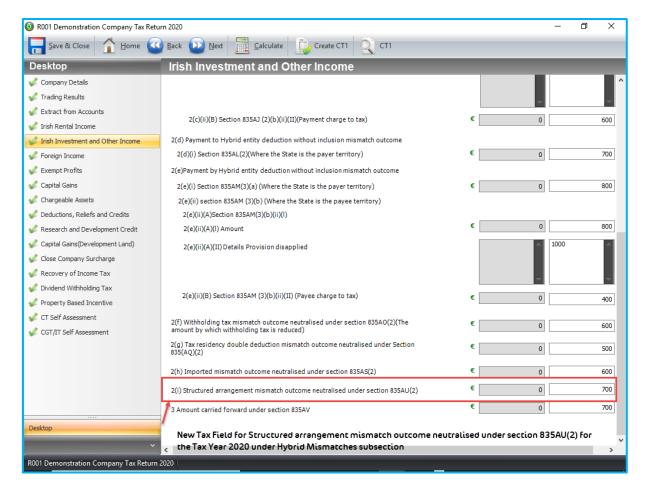


Figure 28: Tax field for Structured arrangement mismatch outcome neutralised under section 835AU(2)

## TAX FIELD FOR AMOUNT CARRIED FORWARD UNDER SECTION 835AV

As per the Revenue guideline, Section 835AV refers to. a deduction has been denied under this Part. The entity may make a claim for the denied amount to be set off against any dual inclusion income in succeeding tax periods and where amounts are carried forward they shall be relieved first against profits or gains of an earlier tax period in advance of profits or gains of a later tax period.

To comply with the Revenue and Finance Act 2019, we have added a new tax field in Relate Corporation Tax manager for the Tax Year 2020. The new tax field is as follows:

Amount carried forward under section 835AV

See Figure 29:

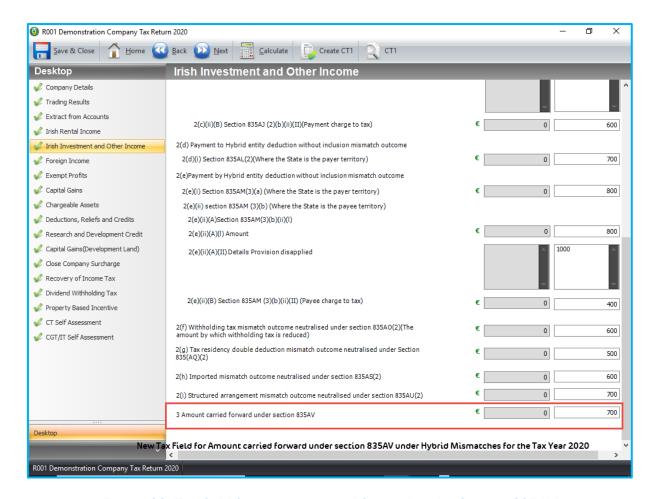


Figure 29: Tax field for amount carried forward under Section 835AV

# SUBSECTION FOR LEASING PROFITS IN IRISH INVESTMENT AND OTHER INCOME

As per the Revenue guideline and the Finance Act 2019, we have added a new subsection [Leasing profits]. To enter the amount of profit arising from any non-trading leasing activity we have added a new tax field in Relate Corporation Tax Manager for the Tax Year 2020. The new tax field is as follows:

Profits arising from non-trading leasing activity

See Figure 30:

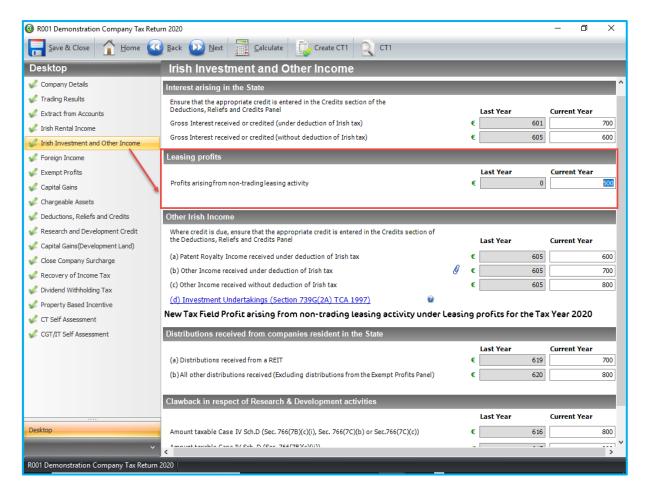


Figure 30: Tax field for profits arising from non-trading leasing activity

# CAPITAL GAINS

## TAX FIELD TO ENTER THE AMOUNT OF CHARGEABLE GAINS LIABLE AT 33%

As per the Revenue guideline, we have added a tax field for the Charge to Exit Tax under Section 6027, where you need to enter the amount of net chargeable gains which is liable at 33% under the Details of Acquisition(s) subsection.

We have added the new tax field in Relate Corporation Tax Manager for the Tax Year 2020. The new tax field is as follows:

> (ii) liable at 33%

See Figure 31:

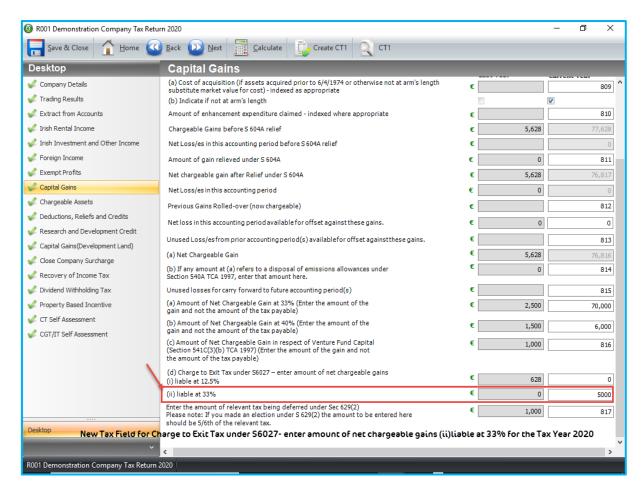


Figure 31: Tax field for the amount of net chargeable gains liable at 33%

## OPTION TO INDICATE CAPITAL GAINS TO WHICH UNDER S 627 APPLIES

As per the Revenue guidelines and implementation of the Finance Act 2019, we have added 3 tick boxes where the Capital Gains to which S627 applies under the [Description of Asset Disposed] subsection.

The tick boxes have been added in Relate Corporation Tax Manager for the Tax year 2020. The new options are the following:

- ➤ Where S627(2)(a) applies [Tick the box, if applicable]
- ➤ Where S627(2)(b) applies [Tick the box, if applicable]
- Where S627(2)(c) applies [Tick the box, if applicable]

See Figure 32:

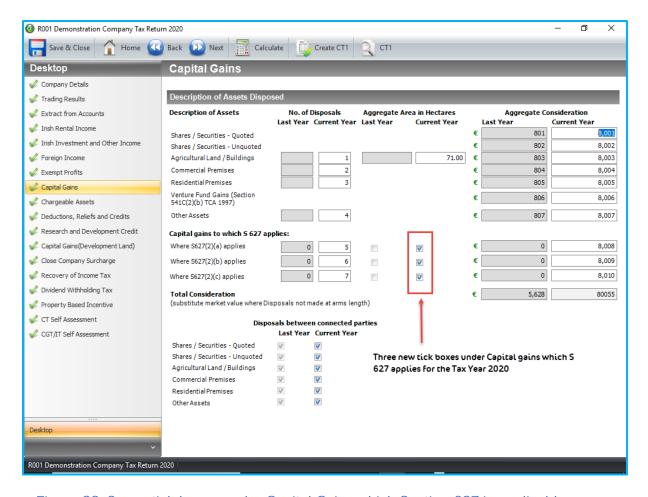


Figure 32: 3 new tick boxes under Capital Gains which Section 627 is applicable

## TAX FIELD FOR NET LOSS IN THIS ACCOUNTING PERIOD UNDER DETAILS OF ACQUISITION(S)

As per the Revenue guideline and implementation of the Finance Act 2019, we have added a new tax field under the [Details of Acquisition(s)].

We have added the following tax field in Relate Corporation Tax Manager for the Tax Year 2020.

Net loss in this accounting period available for offset against these gains.

See Figure 33:

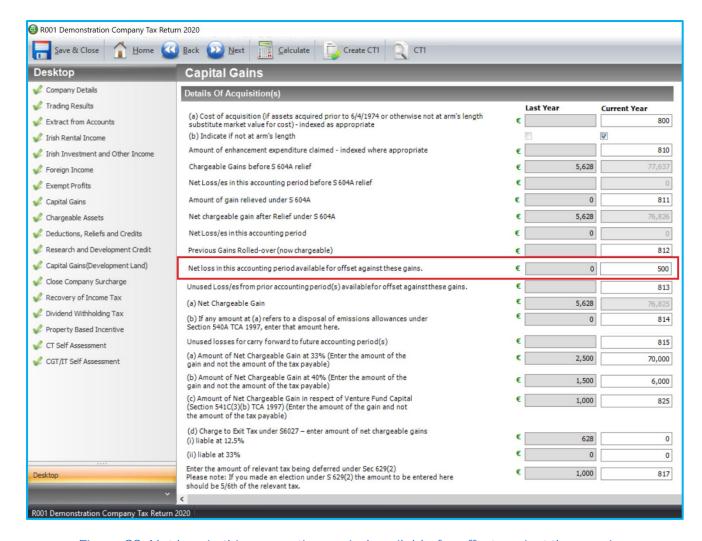


Figure 33: Net loss in this accounting period available for offset against these gains

## RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CREDIT

#### OPTION TO INDICATE RELEVANT MICRO OR SMALL SIZED COMPANY WITHIN SEC. 766(1)(C)

As per Revenue guideline Section 766(1)(c) refers to a 'relevant micro or small-sized company' means a company which is a micro or small-sized enterprise within the meaning of the Annex to Commission Recommendation.

We have added an option to indicate that your company is relevant micro or small-sized company within the meaning of Section 766(1)(c) under Research and Development Credit. To comply, we have added the following tick box to indicate in Relate Corporation Tax Manager for the Tax Year 2020. The new option is as follows:

Indicate, by ticking the appropriate box, if you are a 'relevant micro or small sized company' within the meaning of Sec. 766(1)(c)

See Figure 34:

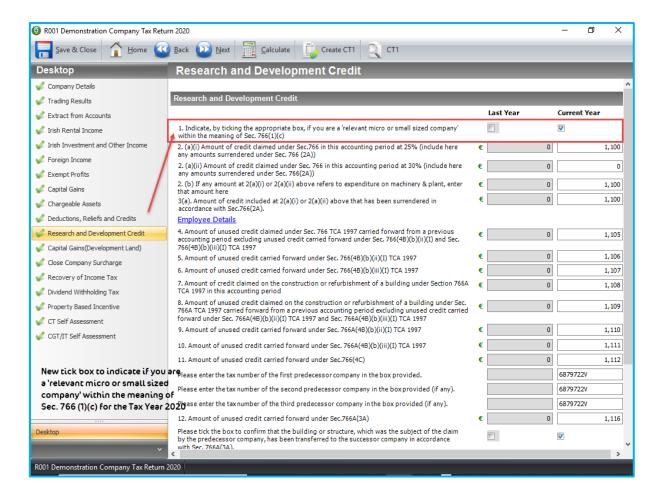


Figure 34: Option to indicate a relevant micro or small sized company

#### TAX FIELD TO CLAIM THE CREDIT UNDER SECTION 766 IN THE ACCOUNTING PERIOD

As per the Revenue guideline Section 766 TCA 1997 provides for a tax credit of 25% of incremental expenditure by a company, or group of companies, incurred wholly and exclusively on research and development (R&D). However, Section 766(2A) refers to for any accounting period, a company claims that behalf, the corporation tax of the company for that accounting period shall be reduced to by an amount equal to 25% or 30% where that company is a relevant micro or small-sized company, of qualifying expenditure attribute to the company as is referable to the accounting period.

To comply with the Revenue and the Finance Act 2019, we have added a new tax field in Relate Corporation Tax for the Tax Year2020. The new tax field is as follows:

➤ 2(a)(ii)Amount of credit claimed under Sec. 766 in this accounting period at 30% (included here any amounts surrendered under Sec 766(2A))

See Figure 35:

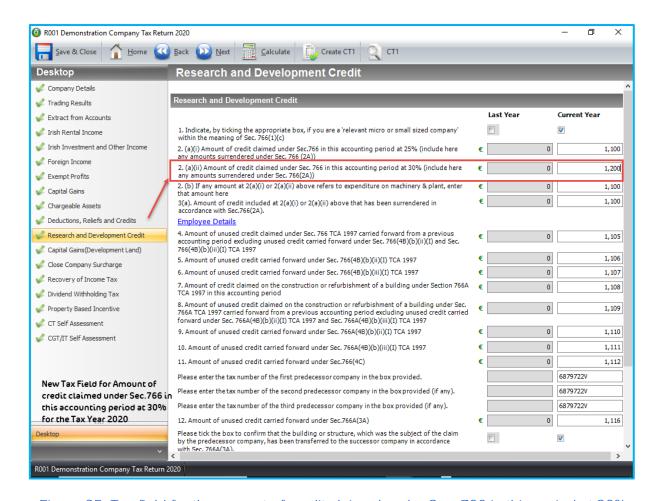


Figure 35: Tax field for the amount of credit claimed under Sec. 766 in this period at 30%

#### TAX FIELD UNDER SEC. 766(3)(C) FOR RELEVANT MICRO OR SMALL SIZED COMPANY

As per Revenue guideline and Finance Act 2019 Sec 766B refers to the limitation of tax credits to be paid to a company under Section 766(4B) and 766A(4B). Section 766B(3)(c) refers to relevant micro or small-sized company twice, the payroll liabilities for each income tax month which forms part of the relevant accounting period in which the research and development expenditure was incurred.

To comply with the Revenue, we have added a new tax field in Relate Corporation Tax Manager for the Tax Year 2020 under [Claim for Payment of Excess Research and Development Tax Credit] subsection. The new field is as follows:

≥ 20(c) Sec 766B(c)('relevant micro or small company' within the meaning of Section 766(1)(c)

See Figure 36:

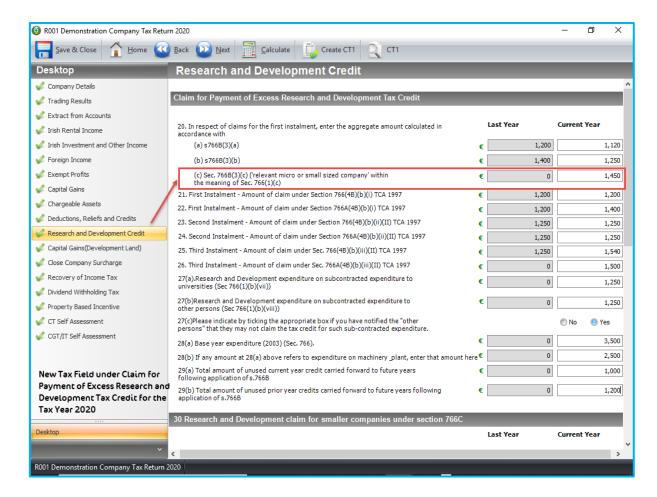


Figure 36: Tax field under Sec. 766B(3)(c) for relevant micro and small companies

## OPTION TO INDICATE RELEVANT MICRO OR SMALL SEIZED COMPANY UNDER SEC. 766C

As per Revenue guideline and Finance Act 2019, Sec.766C refers to the tax credit for research and development expenditure for smaller companies. The section provides for a research and development tax credit for pre-trading for micro or small companies which can be offset against payroll taxes or VAT liabilities in the same period.

To comply with the Revenue, we have added an option to indicate that you are 'relevant micro or small-sized' company in Relate Corporation Tax 2020 under the [Research and Development claim for small companies under section 766C] subsection. The new option is as follows:

➤ 30(a) Indicate, by ticking the box, if you are a 'relevant micro or small sized company' within the meaning of Sec. 766(1)(c) – [Tick the box, if applicable].

See Figure 37:

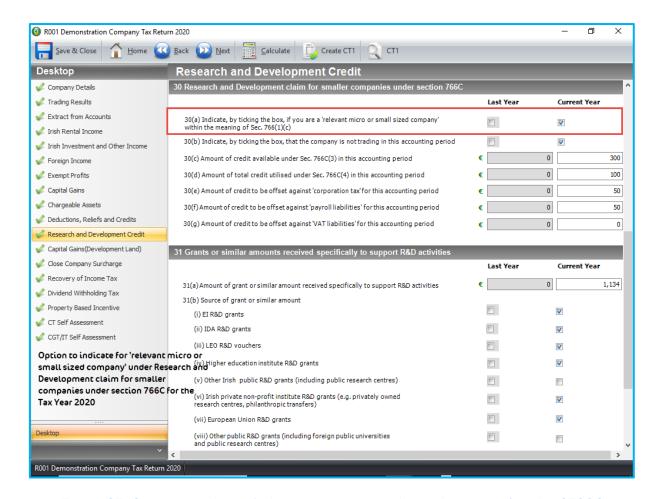


Figure 37: Option to indicate 'relevant micro or small sized company' under S766C

## OPTION TO INDICATE THAT COMPANY IS NOT TRADING IN THIS ACCOUNTING PERIOD

We have added an option to indicate that the company is not trading in this period under [Research and Development claim for smaller companies under section 766C] subsection in Relate Corporation Tax Manager for the Tax Year 2020.

The option is as follows:

> 30(b) Indicate, by ticking the box, that the company is not trading in this accounting period – [Tick the box, if applicable].

See Figure 38:

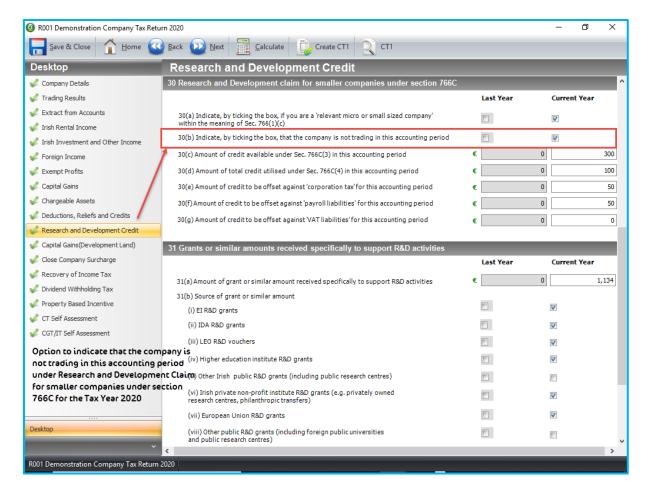


Figure 38: option to indicate that the company is not trading in this accounting period

#### TAX FIELD FOR A CREDIT AVAILABLE UNDER SEC. 766C(3)

As per the Revenue guideline and Finance Act 2019, Section 766C refers to the tax credit for research and development expenditure for smaller companies. As per 766C(3), pre-trading expenditure on Research & Development is allowable to calculate the R&D Tax credit. This tax credit is not allowed to calculate the key employee surrender amount or a repayable tax credit amount.

To comply with Revenue, we have added a tax field in Relate Corporation Tax Manager 2020, under the subsection [Research and Development claim for the smaller companies under Section 766C]. The new tax field is as follows:

30(c) Amount of credit available under Sec. 766C(3) in this accounting period

See Figure 39:

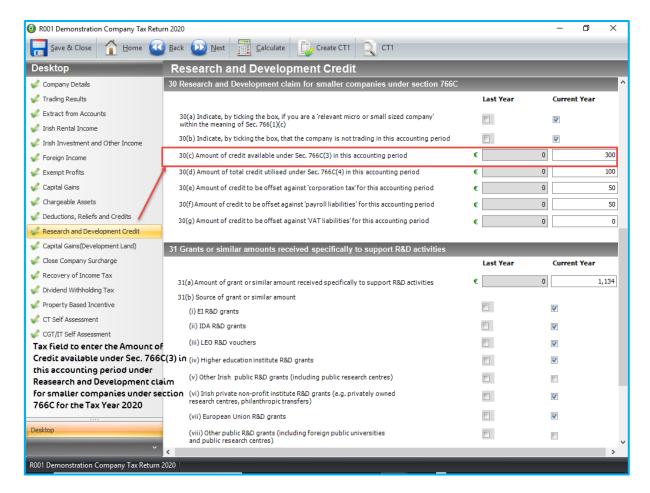


Figure 39: Tax field for a credit available under Sec.766C(3)

## TAX FIELD FOR TOTAL CREDIT UTILISED UNDER SEC. 766C(4)

As per the Revenue guideline and Finance Act 2019, Section 766C refers to the tax credit for research and development expenditure for smaller companies. Section 766C(4) refers to the tax credit calculated can be offset against Corporation Tax of the Company for that accounting period, or it may be offset against the Payroll Tax liabilities (excluding the PRSI) and VAT liabilities in the same accounting period. Where an offset against tax liabilities results in an overpayment, this amount may be refunded to the company.

To comply with Revenue, we have added a tax field in Relate Corporation Tax Manager 2020, under the subsection [Research and Development claim for the smaller companies under Section 766C]. The new tax field is as follows:

30(d) Amount of total credit utilised under Sec. 766C(4) in this accounting period

See Figure 40:

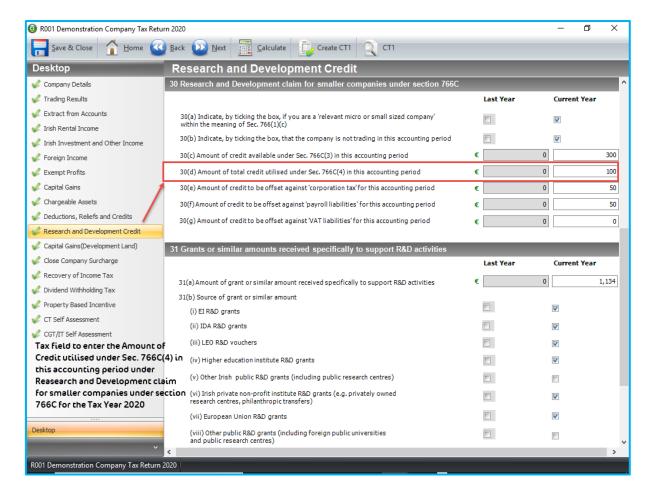


Figure 40: Tax field for total credit utilised under Sec 766C(4) in the accounting period

## TAX FIELD FOR THE AMOUNT OF CREDIT TO BE OFFSET AGAINST CORPORATION TAX

As per the Revenue guideline and Finance Act 2019, Section 766C refers to the tax credit for research and development expenditure for smaller companies. Section 766C(4) refers to the tax credit calculated can be offset against Corporation Tax of the Company for that accounting period.

To comply with Revenue, we have added a tax field in Relate Corporation Tax Manager 2020 to enter the amount that can be offset against the Corporation Tax of the Company in this accounting period.

The new tax field is as follows:

> 30(e) Amount of credit to be offset against 'corporation tax' for this accounting period

See Figure 41:

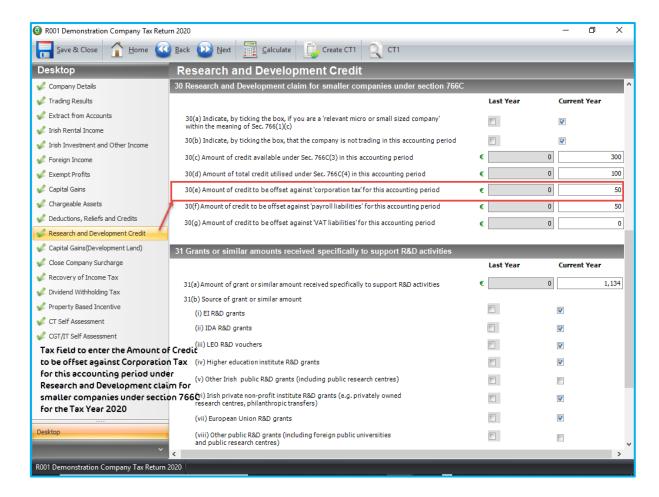


Figure 41: Tax field for credit to be offset against Corporation Tax for this accounting period

## TAX FIELD FOR THE AMOUNT OF CREDIT TO BE OFFSET AGAINST PAYROLL LIABILITIES

As per the Revenue guideline and Finance Act 2019, Section 766C refers to the tax credit for research and development expenditure for smaller companies. Section 766C(4) refers to the tax credit calculated can be offset against the Payroll Tax liabilities (excluding the PRSI).

To comply with Revenue, we have added a tax field in Relate Corporation Tax Manager 2020 to enter the amount that can be offset against the payroll liabilities in this accounting period.

The new tax field is as follows:

> 30(f) Amount of credit to be offset against 'payroll liabilities' for this accounting period

See Figure 42:

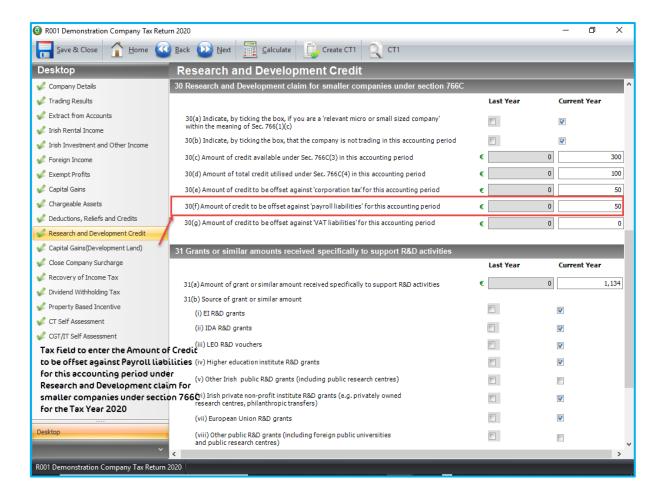


Figure 42: Tax field for credit to be offset against payroll liabilities for this accounting period

## TAX FIELD FOR THE AMOUNT OF CREDIT TO BE OFFSET AGAINST VAT LIABILITIES

As per the Revenue guideline and Finance Act 2019, Section 766C refers to the tax credit for research and development expenditure for smaller companies. Section 766C(4) refers to the tax credit calculated can be offset VAT liabilities in the same accounting period.

To comply with Revenue, we have added a tax field in Relate Corporation Tax Manager 2020, under the subsection [Research and Development claim for the smaller companies under Section 766C]. The new tax field is as follows:

30(g) Amount of credit to be offset against 'VAT liabilities' for this accounting period

See Figure 43:

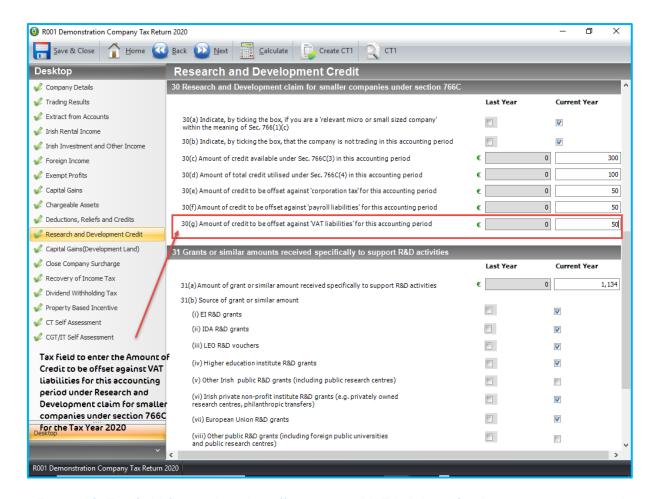


Figure 43: Tax field for credit to be offset against VAT liabilities for this accounting period

# TAX FIELDS REMOVED FROM THE TAX YEAR 2020

The following field has been removed from the Relate Corporation Tax for the Tax Year 2020.

We have removed the following Tax Field from Company Details Section.

- o Company Details
- Mandatory Disclosure
  - The number assigned to a transaction by the Revenue Commissioners under section 817HB.